Observation of protest day by employees

4233. DR. BIPLAB DASGUPTA: Will the PRIME MINISTERbepleased to state:

(a) whether the confederation of the Central Government employees and workers had observed 18th July, 2001 as a protest day;

(b) if so, what are their demands; and

(c) what is Government's reaction on each of their demand separately?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF PERSONNEL ANDTRAMNGOFTHEMINISTRYOFPERSONNEL, PUBLIC GRIEVANCES AND PENSIONS (SHRIMATI VASUNDHARA RAJE): (a) and (b) Some sections of the Central Government employees, affiliated to the Confederation of the Central Government Employees and Workers, had observed July 18, 2001 as anti-privatisation day to protest against the economic and labour policies of the Central Government, including privatization, downsizing in Government departments, and curtailment of fiscal benefits.

(c) With the object of promoting harmonious relations and of securing the greatest measures of cooperation between the Government, in its capacity as employer, and the general body of its employees, Government had, in consultation with the Staff Side, established in 1966 the scheme for Joint Consultative Machinery and Compulsory Arbitration for Central Government employees. Under this scheme, a well-defmed machinery already exists to settle matters of common concern, including service conditions of employees and other related issues, through the process of negotiation and arbitration. The issues raised in the Charter of Demands can be considered through this mechanism and the Staff Side have already given an agenda item thereon for the next meeting.

Irregularities in empanelling IAS officers

4234. SHRI SURESH PACHOURI: Will the PRIME MMSTERbepleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that a large number of irregularities are alleged to have been committed by the Committees of Secretaries while empanelling IAS officers of 1970 Batch as Additional Secretary to Government of India;